### Using MetroLER to Diagnose and Remove CD-SEM Metrology Artifacts

Chris Mack, Fractilia Gian Lorusso and Christie Delvaux, imec April 22, 2020

FRACTILIA COMPUTATIONAL METROLOGY



# A funny thing happened on the way to a different study...

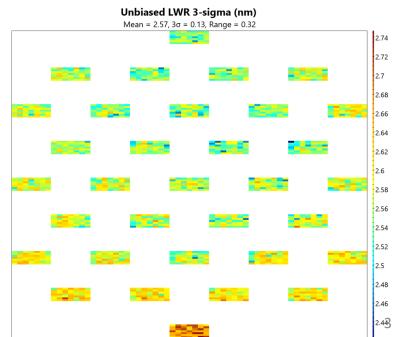
- While collecting high volumes of CD-SEM data for an acrosswafer study, we noticed various artifacts in the data as analyzed by MetroLER
- Add-on Goals:
  - Investigate any discovered SEM tool artifacts
  - Mitigate them if possible





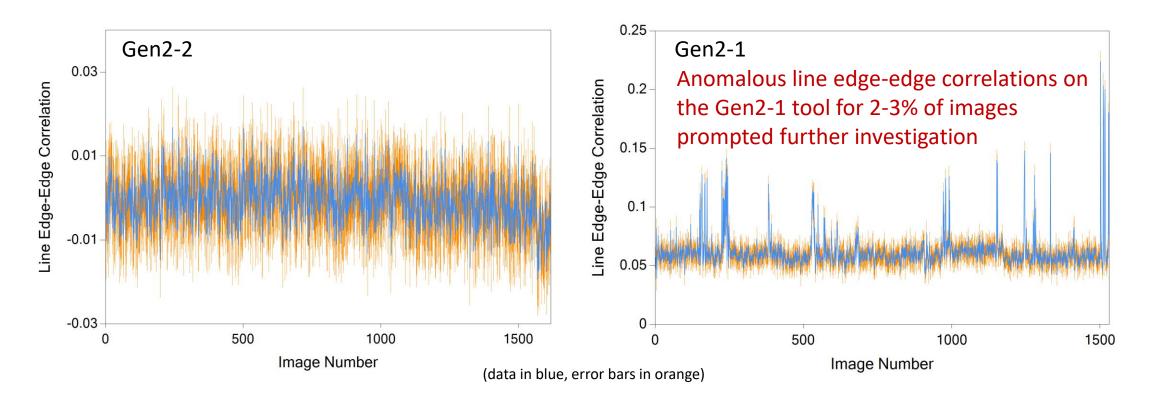
#### Data Collection (May 2019 – February 2020)

- Wafer processed at imec
  - ADI-wafer (uniform),
  - EUVJ3030 30nm, Organic underlayer
  - Structure V16P32
- Same wafer measured on six different CD-SEM metrology tools (three generations)
  - Gen1-1, Gen1-2, Gen2-1, Gen2-2, Gen3-1, Gen3-2
- Metrology Settings
  - 2048x2048 images, 0.8nm x 0.8nm pixel (Gen1 tools: 0.824nm x 0.824nm pixel)
  - 500V, 16 Frames, 32nm pitch resist features
  - 7x7 sampling per field, 33 fields per wafer
  - 1617 images per wafer per metrology tool
- All measurements made with MetroLER v2.1.2



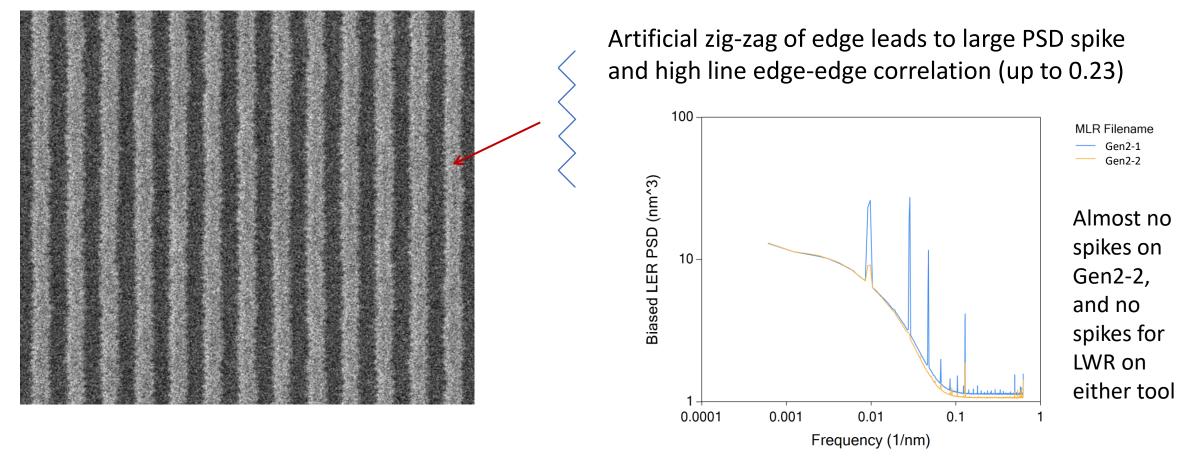
### First Artifact – high left/right edge correlations

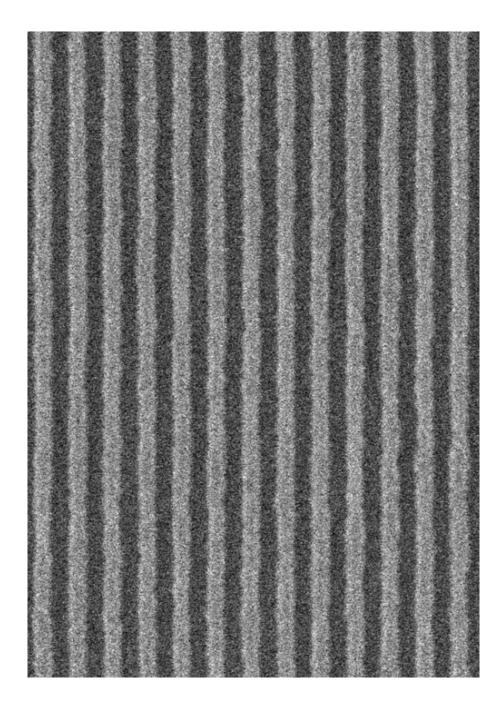
- While measuring roughness, MetroLER also measures the correlation between left and right edges
  - For litho single exposure, we expect the correlation to be about zero



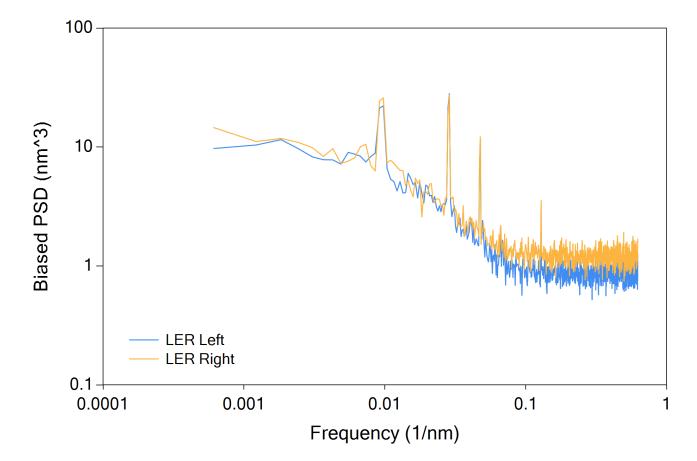
#### SEM Tool Problem: Gen2-1 only

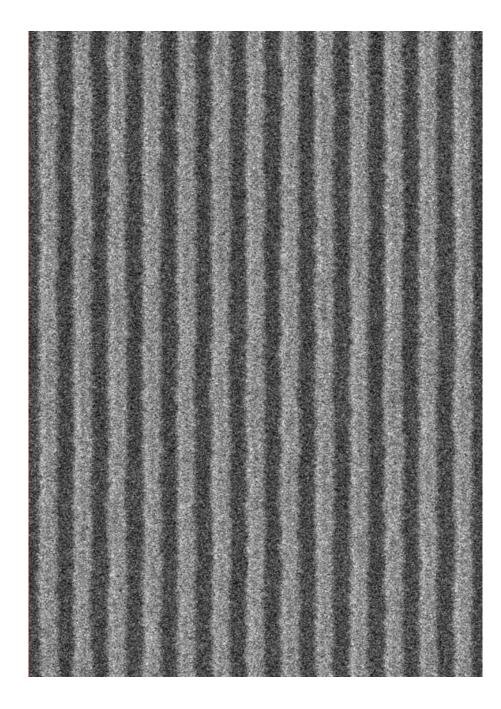
• About 2-3% of images exhibited artificial "zig-zag" edge effect



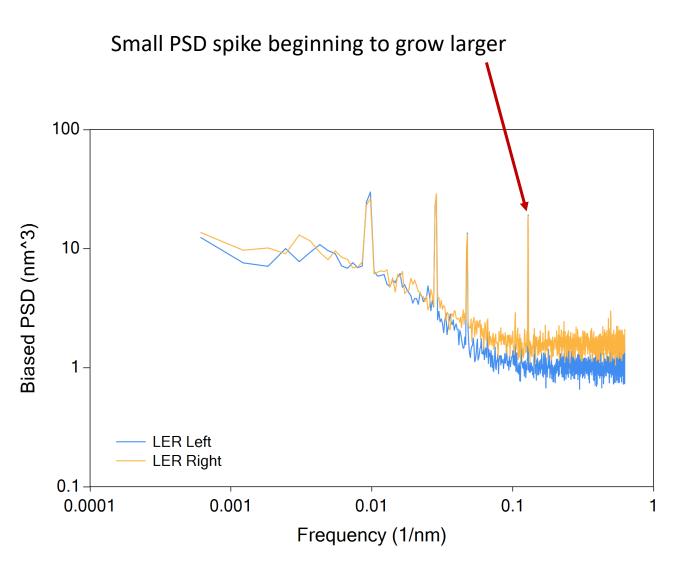


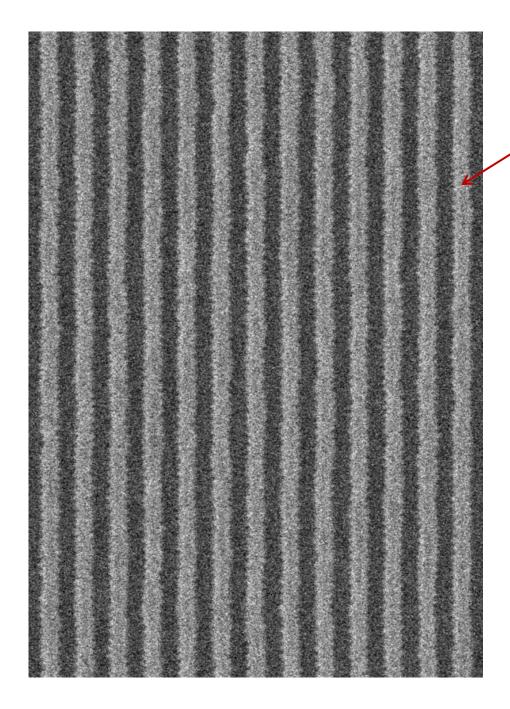
Typical Image in Batch (line edge-edge correlation = 0.05)

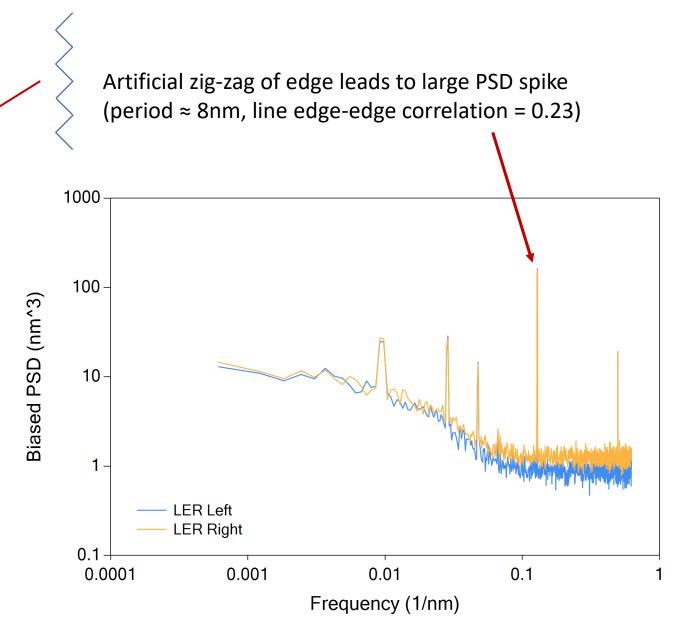




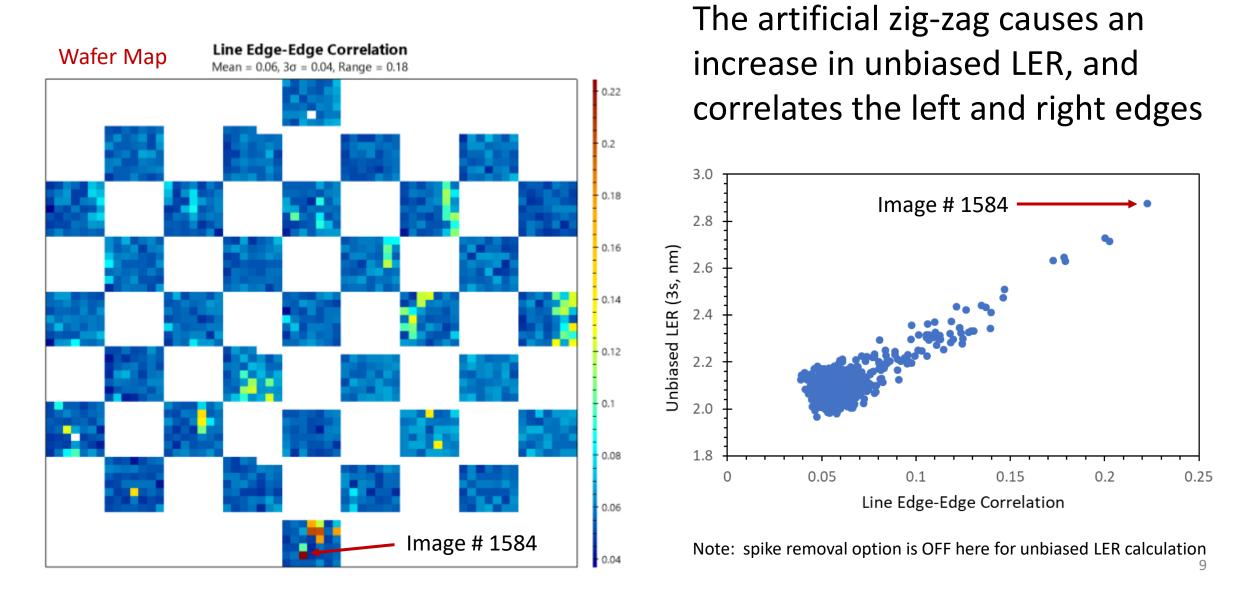
Different Image in Batch (line edge-edge correlation = 0.08)





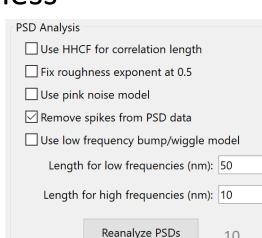


Consequences



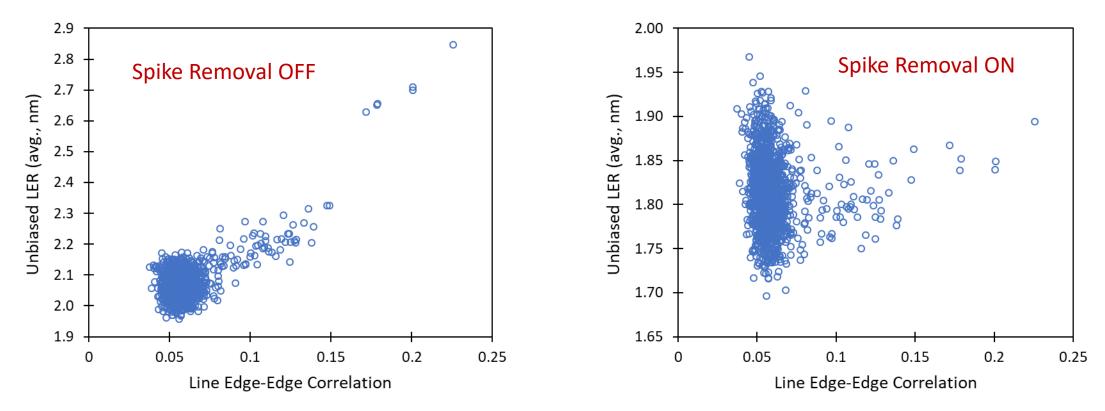
#### Consequences

- It appears that 2-3% of the images from the Gen2-1 SEM have a "zigzag" artifact that is SEM-related, not wafer-related
- These images have a large spike in the LER PSD, large edge-edge correlation (0.1 - 0.23 versus 0.05 for a typical image) and large unbiased LER (up to 1/3 higher)
- PSD spikes (very narrow, very tall) indicate artificial roughness components in the image (probably electronic noise here)
- If spike removal is not turned on, the spike will impact unbiased LER and PSD fitting
- Spike removal option can mitigate these effects



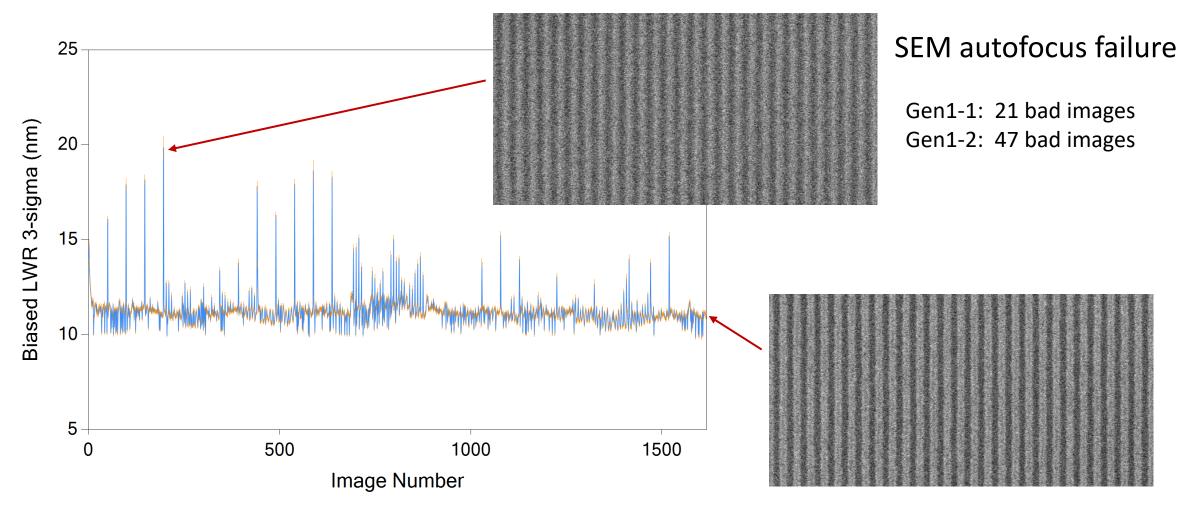
# Spike removal is effective at erasing the consequences of this artificial zig-zag effect

Images with zig-zag have high edge-edge correlation and biased PSD spikes



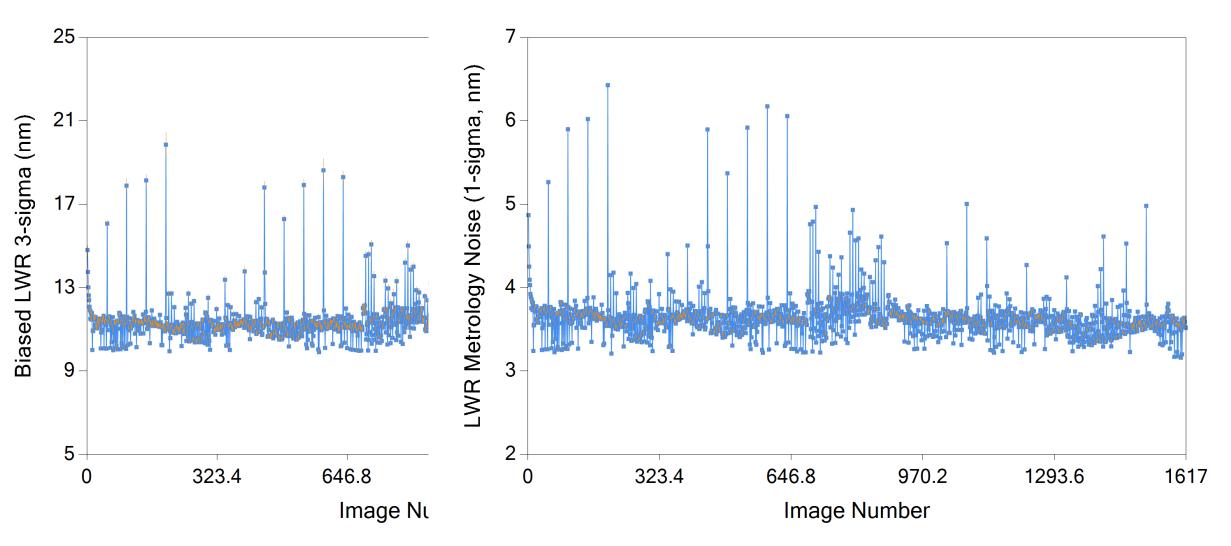
With spike removal turned on, the high unbiased LER caused by zig-zag is eliminated 11

#### Second Artifact: Focus issue on Gen1s

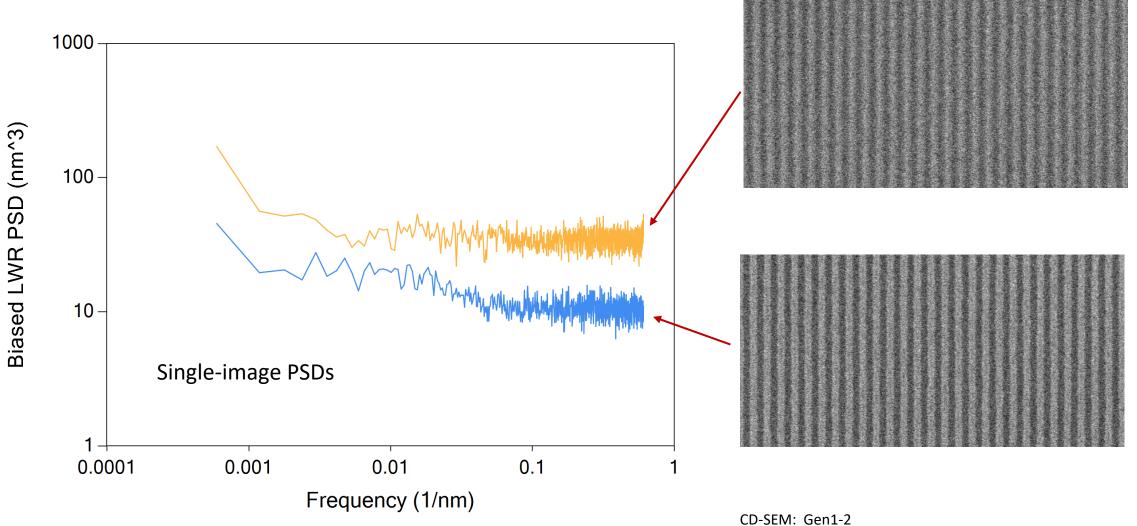


(This data from Gen1-2)

#### Gen1-2 Data Set: The problem is metrology noise



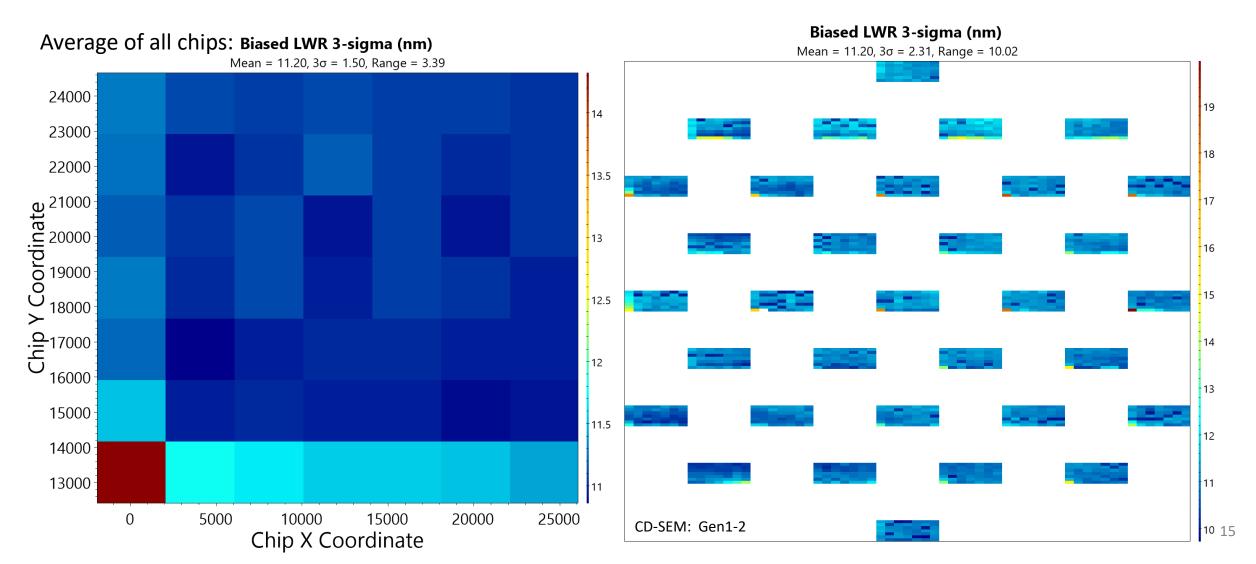
#### Comparing two images



14

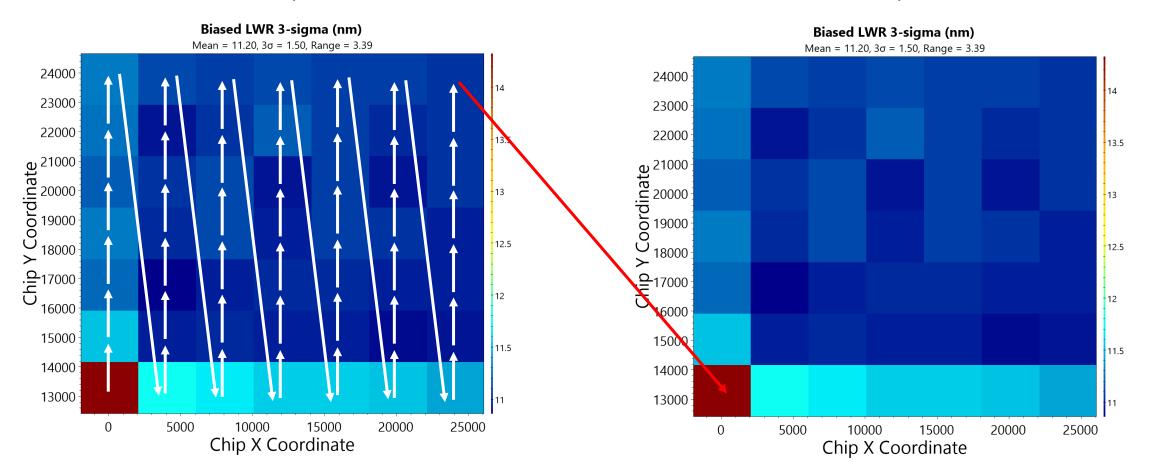
#### Worst case location in field

The lower left corner of the field often has 1.5x - 2X higher biased LWR.



#### SEM Job Measurement Order

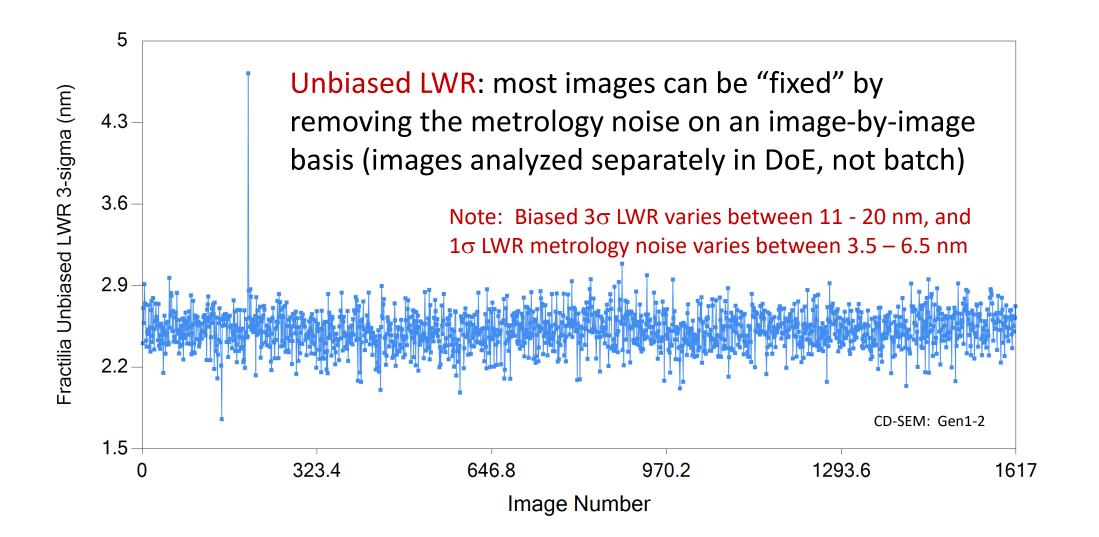
Chip 2



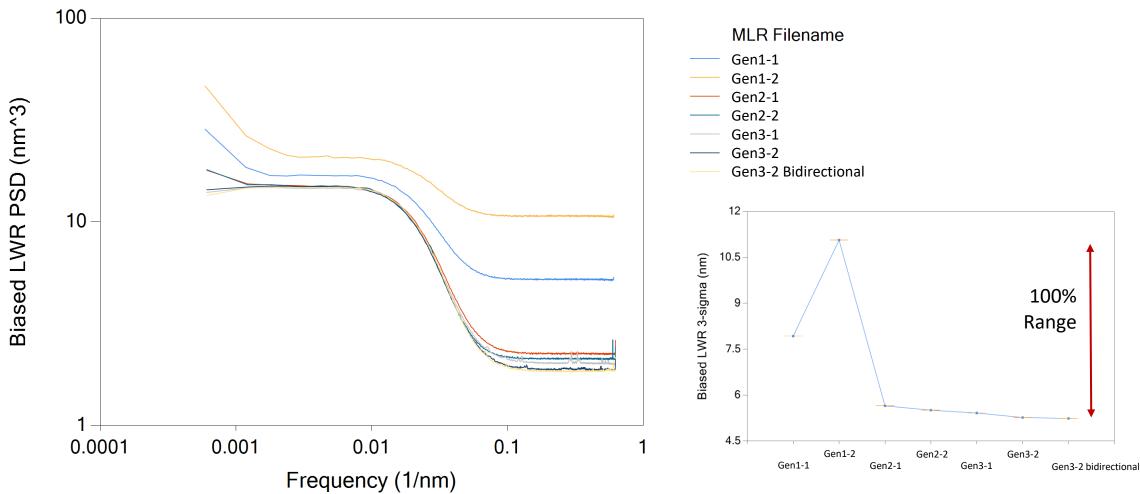
Chip 4

The lower-left corner field position is the first measurement after a long stage movement.

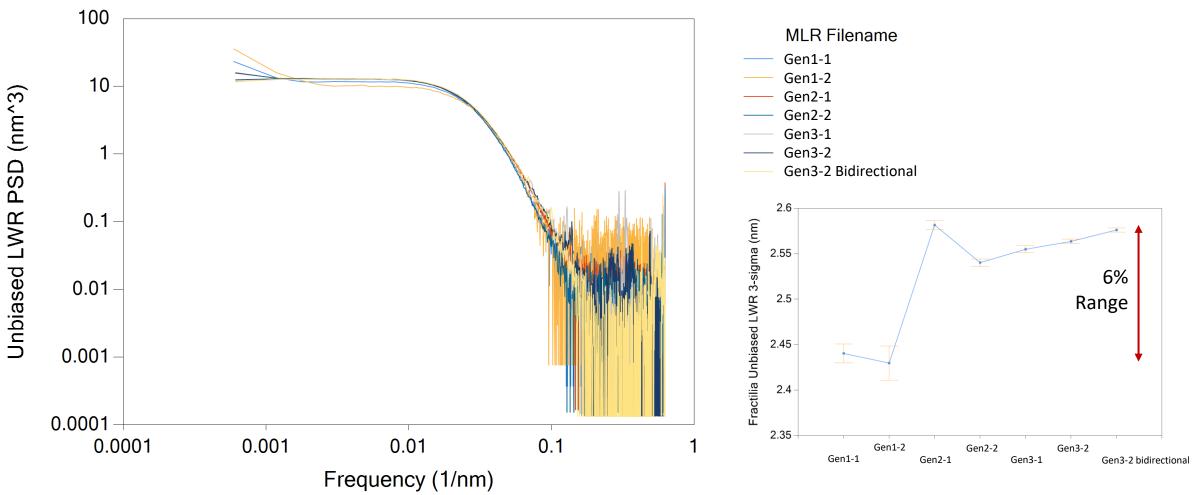
#### MetroLER can remove metrology noise differences



#### Tool Matching – Biased LWR



#### Tool Matching – Unbiased LWR



#### Conclusions

## • Goal: Investigate any discovered SEM tool artifacts; Mitigate them if possible

#### • Conclusions:

- Two very different problems were identified:
  - "Zig-zag" effect intermittent on Gen2-1 tool (probably electronic noise)
  - Focus problem after long stage travel on Gen1-1 and Gen1-2 tools
- Both problems caused significant increases in biased LWR and LER
- MetroLER was successful in removing the impact of these tool errors on the unbiased LWR and LER





#### FRACTILIA

COMPUTATIONAL METROLOGY

# Thank You

Fractilia, LLC Austin, Texas 512 887-3646 info@fractilia.com www.fractilia.com